

Technical data



- Nominal torque: 50 Nm to 2.000 Nm, bidirectional
- Rotational speed: ≤ 10.000 rpm
- Accuracy: $\leq \pm 0,2$ %
- Temperature range: -40 °C to $+85$ °C
- Protection class: IP50, IP65
- Output signals: 0-10 V/4-20 mA
- Output frequency: 2.500 Hz

Your advantages

- Made in Germany (Munich, Bavaria)
- Delivery ex warehouse (< two weeks)
- Best price-performance ratio
- Integrated electronic (Plug & Play)
- Contactless measurement system
- Including 5 m cable and calibration certificate

Short description

The series 3000 covers the accurate and reliable professional torque measurement technology.

This series is mainly used in laboratory, test facilities, trials, medical engineering, process monitoring and quality control.

Transmitted torque can be measured statically and dynamically in real time. Shaft is available as Round shaft and Square shaft. Each sensor can be configured individually with a lot of extras, such as angle sensor and protection class IP65.

Series 3000 offers different output signals such as 0-10 V, 4-20 mA.

The sensor is provided as a complete unit with integrated evaluation electronic, including 5 m cable, keystones (Round shaft) and calibration certificate.

Sales rep.:

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Model series 3000

| Model series 3000 round shaft | Unit | Nominal torque bidirectional (+/-) | Load bidirectional (+/-) in % | | | Rotational speed [rpm] |
|-------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | 100 - 130 | 130 - 200 | > 200 | |
| Ø 15 mm | [Nm] | 50 | In specification | Set up opposite directional torque or recalibration by NCTE | To recalibration by NCTE | 10.000 |
| | | 100 | | | | |
| Ø 25 mm | | 250 | | | | 8.000 |
| | | 500 | | | | |
| Ø 40 mm | | 1.000 | | | | 5.000 |
| | | 2.000 | | | | |

| Model series 3000 square shaft | Unit | Nominal torque bidirectional (+/-) | Load bidirectional (+/-) in % | | | Rotational speed [rpm] |
|--------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | 100 - 130 | 130 - 200 | > 200 | |
| ¾ inch | [Nm] | 50 | In specification | Set up opposite directional torque or recalibration by NCTE | To recalibration by NCTE | 10.000 |
| ¾ inch | | 250 | | | | 8.000 |
| 1 inch | | 1.000 | | | | 5.000 |

In case of an overload situation of the nominal torque it is possible to get the sensor back in specification. To do so please set up the same overload situation in the opposite direction. This means in case of an overload situation by 150 % positive load you can get the sensor back in specification by setting up a negative overload of 150 %.

NCTE is able to recalibrate any sensor until ultimate torque.

Load characteristics

| Model series 3000 measuring range | Unit | Axial force [N] ¹ | Lateral limit force [N] | Bending limit moment [Nm] |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 50 and 100 | [Nm] | 2.300 | 300 | 41,7 |
| 250 and 500 | | 7.000 | 800 | 176 |
| 1.000 and 2.000 | | 24.000 | 2.000 | 700 |

Each type of irregular stress can only be permitted with its given limit value (bending moment, lateral force or axial force, exceeding the nominal torque) if none of the others can occur. Otherwise the permitted limits must be reduced. If for instance 30 % of the limited bending moment and also 30 % of the limited lateral force are present, only 40 % of the limited axial force are permitted, provided that the nominal torque is not exceeded.

Technical characteristics

| No. | Model | Unit | Series 3000 | |
|--------------------------|--|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| | Accuracy class ² | | 0,2 | |
| | | Unit | Value | |
| 1 | Linearity deviation incl. hysteresis | %ME ³ | < ±0,2 | |
| 2 | Rotational Signal Uniformity (RSU) | | < ±0,2 | |
| 3 | Repeatability | | < ±0,05 | |
| Output signal in general | | Unit | Value | |
| 4 | Frequency range, -3dB point, Bessel characteristics | Hz | 2.500 | |
| 5 | Analog signal | V mA | 0 ... 10 | 4 ... 20 |
| 6 | Signal at torque = Zero ⁴ | V mA | 5 | 12 |
| 7 | Signal at positive nominal torque ⁴ | V mA | 9 | 19 |
| 8 | Signal at negative nominal torque ⁴ | V mA | 1 | 5 |
| 9 | Calibration parameter (normed) ⁴ | V/Nm mA/Nm | 4 V/Measurement range | 8 mA/Measurement range |
| 10 | Error output | V mA | 10 | 22 |
| 11 | Output resistance | Ω | 62 | |
| Effect of temperature | | Unit | Value | |
| 12 | Zero point drift over temperature | %/10 K | < 0,2 | |
| 13 | Signal drift over temperature within nominal temperature range | %/10 K | < 0,5 | |

¹ Direct acting axial force on the shaft. If the force affects the snap ring, just 50 % of the force is permitted.

² The accuracy class implies that taken separately both the linearity deviation as well as the rotational signal uniformity are either lower than or equal to the value of the accuracy class.

³ %ME: related to a full scale measurement range.

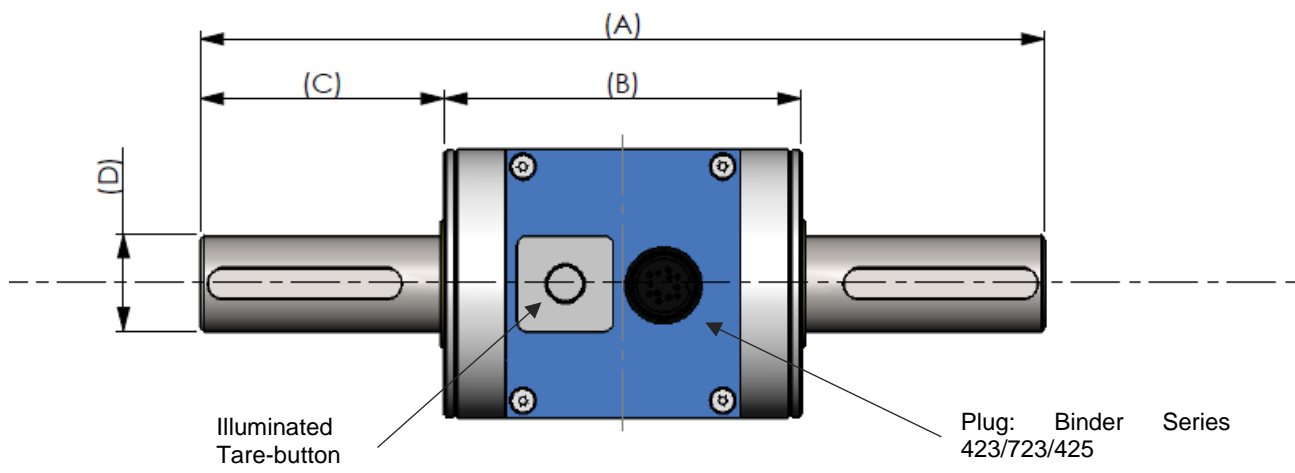
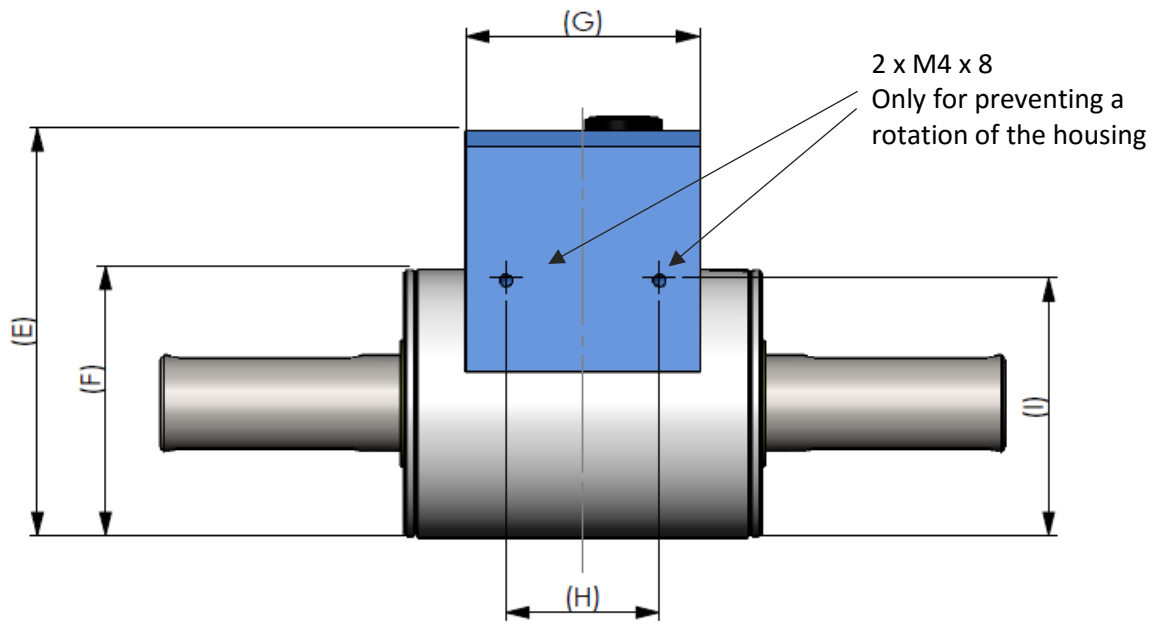
⁴ Please check the exact data at the sensors calibration certificate.

| Power supply | | Unit | Value | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| 14 | Supply voltage | VDC | 11 ... 28 | | | | | |
| 15 | Current consumption (max.) | mA | 150 | | | | | |
| 16 | Start-up peak | mA | < 200 | | | | | |
| 17 | Absolute max. supply voltage | VDC | 30 | | | | | |
| General information | | Unit | Value | | | | | |
| 18 | Protection class according to EN 60529 ⁵ | IP | 50/65 | | | | | |
| 19 | Reference temperature | °C | +15 ... +35 | | | | | |
| 20 | Operational temperature range | °C | -40 ... +85 | | | | | |
| 21 | Storage temperature range | °C | -30 ... +85 | | | | | |
| 22 | Bearing operating hours | h | approx. 20.000 | | | | | |
| Nominal rated torque M (bi-directional) | | Nm | 50 | 100 | 250 | 500 | 1.000 | 2.000 |
| 23 | Weight | kg | 1,4 | | 2,5 | | 6 | |
| 24 | Moment of inertia | kg mm ² | 5,9 | | 59,5 | | 626 | |
| EMI/EMC | | Unit | Value | | | | | |
| 25 | Tested standards | | | | | | | |
| 26 | EN 61000-6-3: 2007 | - | Passed | | | | | |
| 27 | EN 55011: 2009 + A1: 2010 class B | - | Passed | | | | | |
| Load limits⁶ | | Unit | Value | | | | | |
| 28 | Maximum measurable torque | % | 110 | | | | | |
| 29 | Maximum torque, related to nominal torque | % | 300 | | | | | |
| 30 | Ultimate torque | % | 500 | | | | | |

⁵ Wiring connected.

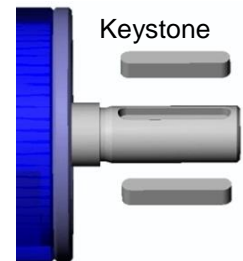
⁶ Based on the non-contact measurement principle the torque sensor is quite insensitive to bending and shearing forces. Self-aligning couplings are recommended in case of dynamic loads.

Dimensions

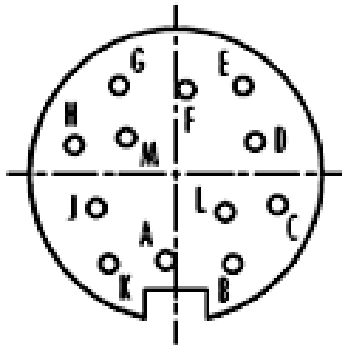


| Dimensions (in mm) | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|
| | 50 Nm | 100 Nm | 250 Nm | 500 Nm | 1.000 Nm | 2.000 Nm |
| A | 160 | 160 | 220 | 220 | 350 | 350 |
| B | 93 | 93 | 101 | 101 | 130 | 130 |
| C | 33,5 | 33,5 | 59,5 | 59,5 | 110 | 110 |
| D | 15g6 | 15g6 | 25g6 | 25g6 | 40g6 | 40g6 |
| E | 96 | 96 | 106 | 106 | 126 | 126 |
| F | 60 | 60 | 70 | 70 | 90 | 90 |
| G | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 80 | 80 |
| H | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 60 | 60 |
| I | 57 | 57 | 67 | 67 | 87 | 87 |

| Dimensions keyway [mm] | | | | Keystones | | | Key stone- position |
|------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|------------------------|
| Shaft | Width | Depth | Length | Height | Length | Amount | Distance L |
| ∅ 15 mm | 5N9 | 3 | 25,5 | 5 | 25 | 1 | 130,5 |
| ∅ 25 mm | 8N9 | 4 | 50,5 | 7 | 50 | 2 | 165,5 |
| ∅ 40 mm | 12N9 | 5 | 90,5 | 8 | 90 | 2 | 252,0 |



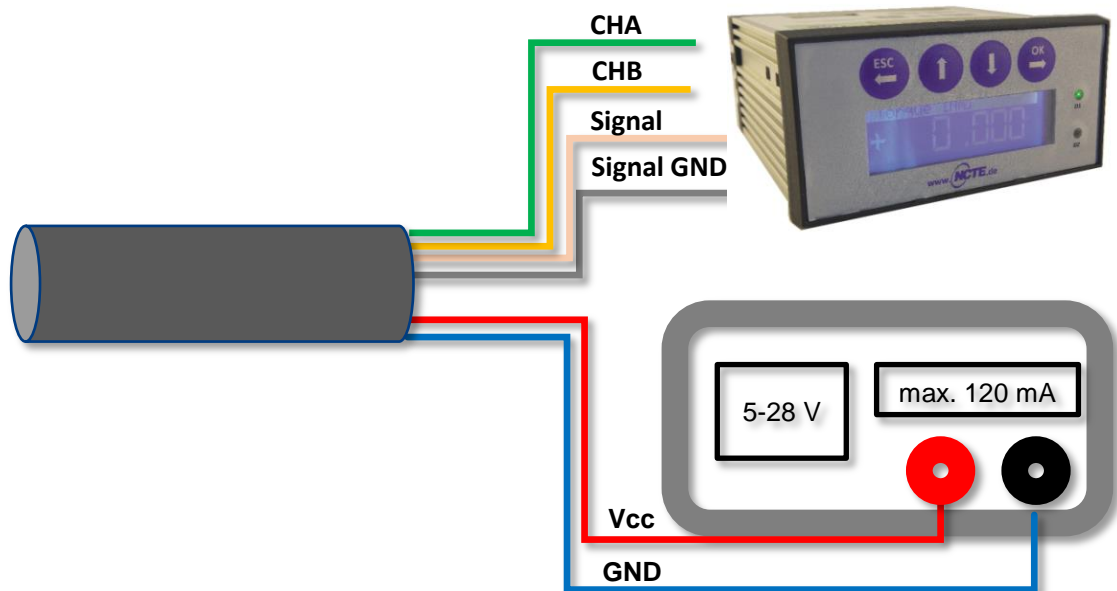
Connection plan



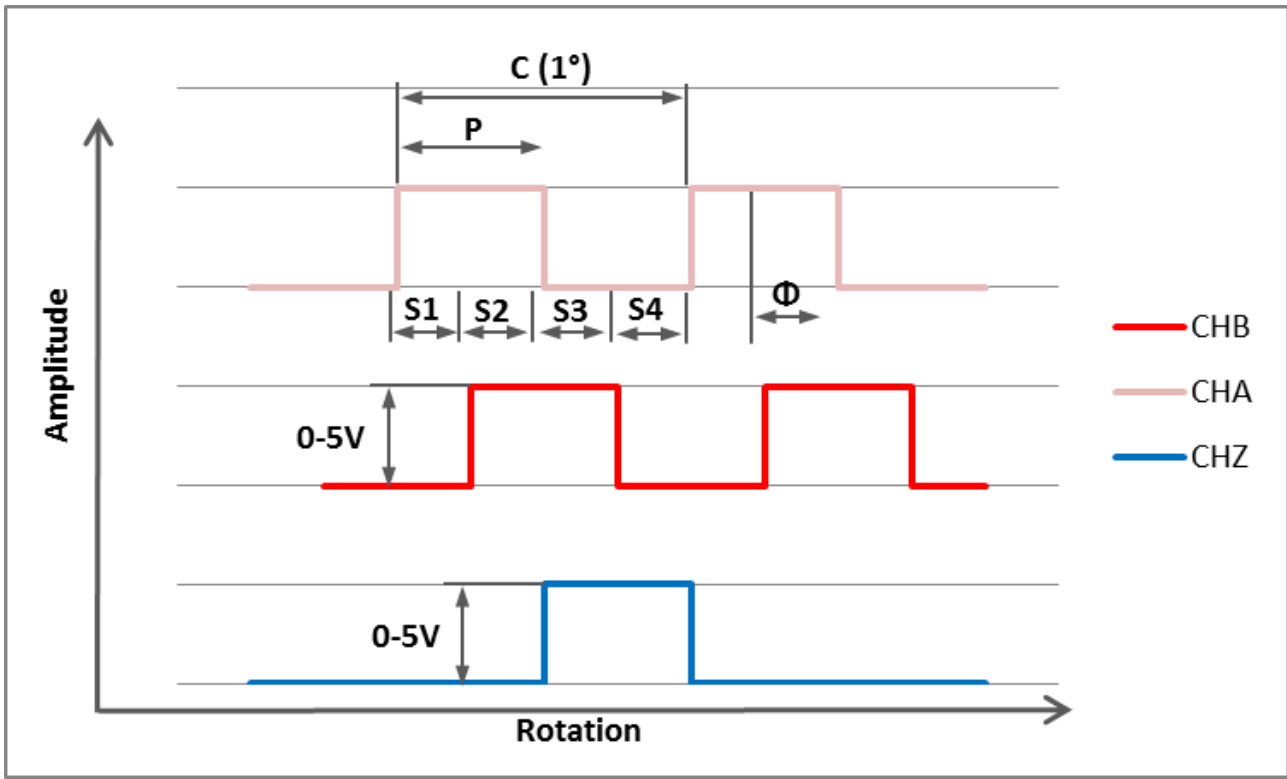
Connector
Power supply and outputs

| Binder series 423/723/425 Item number: 09-0132-90-12 colour code according to DIN 47100 | | | | |
|---|-----|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Typ | Pin | Colour | Description | Value |
| | A | White | Supply voltage V _{CC} | 11 V ... 28 V |
| | B | Brown | Ground GND | - |
| | C | Green | Analog Out | 0 V ... 10 V |
| | D | Yellow | Analog GND | - |
| | E | Grey | Analog Out | 4 mA ... 20 mA |
| | F | Pink | Angle Ch A | 0 V ... 5 V |
| | G | Blue | Angle Ch I | 0 V ... 5 V |
| | H | Red | Angle Ch B | 0 V ... 5 V |
| | J | Black | - | - |
| | K | Violet | For internal use only | RX (TTL Pegel) |
| | L | Grey-Pink | For internal use only | RX (TTL Pegel) |
| | M | Red-Blue | Digital GND | - |

Connection example:



Angle sensor



| Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|---------------------------|---|------|------|-------|
| High Level Output Voltage | 2,4 | 5 | - | V |
| Low Level Output Voltage | 0 | - | 0,4 | V |
| Parameter | Description | | | |
| C | One cycle of 360 CPR (degrees) | | | |
| P | The duration of high state of the output within one cycle. | | | |
| S | The number of electrical degrees between a transition in Channel A and the neighboring transition in Channel B. | | | |
| Φ | The number of electrical degrees between the center of high state of Channel A and the Center of high state of Channel B. | | | |

Order options

| Series 3000 accuracy 0,2 % | | Price |
|---|--|-------|
| Measurement range | | |
| 50 | Nm including 5 m cable and calibration certificate | |
| 100 | Nm including 5 m cable and calibration certificate | |
| 250 | Nm including 5 m cable and calibration certificate | |
| 500 | Nm including 5 m cable and calibration certificate | |
| 1.000 | Nm including 5 m cable and calibration certificate | |
| 2.000 | Nm including 5 m cable and calibration certificate | |
| Angle sensor | | |
| 0 | Without angle sensor | |
| 1 | Angle sensor 360CPR | |
| Analog output | | |
| A | Voltage output 0-10 V | |
| S | Current output 4-20 mA | |
| Shaft ends | | |
| 0 | Round shaft with keystone | |
| 1 | Square shaft (available with 50/250/1.000 Nm) | |
| Protection class according to EN 60529 | | |
| 0 | IP50 | |
| 1 | IP65 | |
| 3000 | | |

Please feel free to contact your Sales Manager Serial products for additional information. Email: sales@ncte.de or Phone: +49 89 66 56 19 17

Instruction manual

Scope of delivery

The torque sensor set consists of the sensor itself (signal pick-up and signal processing integrated into sensor housing), one **connecting cable** 5 m with a **soldered plug** (binder plug no. 99-0426-10-08), **key stones** (round shaft) and the calibration certificate.

Datasheets and instruction manuals are available at www.ncte.com.

Installation and removal

Make sure to install the sensor shafts exactly with the proper aligned connecting shafts. The key stone adapter/square endings of the connecting shafts are to be attached forceless to the corresponding ones of the sensor. No external axial force should be on the housing of the sensor from distortion. A maximum cable length of 5 m must not to be exceeded. Using a cable or connector other than supplied by **NCTE**, or a similar cable that is of a different length may affect the overall performance of the sensor.

Do not remove the shaft with torque applied to the sensor.

Offset adjustment

If required the zero point output signal (5 V) can be adjusted by pressing the Tare-button. By factory default the sensor is set to 5 V at zero torque.

Interface description

Mechanical connection:

The key stone adapters on both ends of the measurement shaft are intended for torque transmission.

Electrical connector:

On the sensor housing there is a 8-pin socket for the power supply and the signal output (chapter connection plan).

Operation (in regular case or in optimal case)

Optimal measurement parameters can be achieved if the sensor is applied in accordance to the specification. By compliance with the specification the sensor works generally trouble-free and maintenance-free.

Irregular operation, measures against disturbance

The mechanical overload on the sensor (e. g. exceeding of maximum allowed torque or severe vibrations) may cause damage to the sensor and in consequence the incorrect signal output. In such cases please do not open the sensor. Contact **NCTE** directly for assistance.

Commissioning

After sensor installation pay attention to the following:

- The sensor may only be operated with a shielding.
- Switch on the power supply unit and check the supply voltage. Peak voltage must be avoided! Be sure to verify the power supply voltage before connecting the sensor!
- Connect the sensor to the power supply unit by using the delivered cable.
- Connect the sensor output to a high-resistance device such as an A/D converter, oscilloscope, PC measurement board. The sensor should be in mechanical unloaded state while connecting it.

Tare function and error indication:

Series 3000 contains a LED button on the housing surface. Pressing the button will set the signal output to 5 V. The illumination of the button serves as a function/malfunction indicator.

Functional indicator:

LED off: missing power supply or sensor is damaged

LED on: Sensor is ready.

Error indicator:

LED flashes: The sensor is not ready.

Flashing of LED can have several possible causes. Various causes are interpreted through a flash code. After each flash code the LED makes a short pause before repeating the code.

2x flashing: Magnet field sensors defective.

4x flashing: Electronics defective.

Shaft coating

The shafts are protected on both sides with a film of anticorrosion wax. We recommend to leave the protection permanent. As far as technologically needed, the coating can be removed with spirit/ethanol

Handling and transportation

By handling, storage and transportation keep the sensor away from magnetic or electromagnetic fields which may exceed the maximal intensity defined from EMC (chapter technical characteristics) like degaussing machines.

Precautions

- Do not open the sensor housing under any circumstances.
- Do not remove or loosen the locking rings on the shaft ends.
- Do not loosen or tighten the flange-mounting nut of the socket-connector (chapter dimensions).
- Use only a separate power supply for the sensor.
- Use the sensor only according to the specification (chapter technical characteristics).

Maintenance and overhaul

As part of your testing and measuring equipment management, we recommend regular checking of your testing and measuring equipment. Please also observe the corresponding standards and guidelines.

Recommended NCTE maintenance plan

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Recalibration | 12 month |
| Control of wiring, plug and shaft | 12 month |

Repairs

Repairs must be carried out exclusively by employees of NCTE AG. The sensor must be sent to the NCTE AG together with an RMA formula (Return Merchandise Authorization). You will receive an RMA formula via the NCTE service-hotline.

Disposal

For disposal the Sensor has to be returned to **NCTE AG, Raiffeisenallee 3, 82041 Oberhaching, Germany.**

Service-Hotline

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